Date:	
Short Story Elements Pre-Knowledge Worksheet	
<u>SETTING</u> – when and where the story takes place	
Setting can include:	
a)	
b)	
c)	
d)	
CONFILCT stanged between two engains forces on above stans in a stany that this game esti-	0.40.4
<u>CONFLICT</u> – struggle between two opposing forces or characters in a story that triggers action	JII;
can be internal or external; there are two <u>forms</u> of conflict:	
External Conflict:	
Internal Conflict:	
There are four (4) main <u>types</u> of conflict:	
1	
2	
3	
4	
Other forms of conflict can include Person vs. Fate or God, Person vs. Supernatural, or Person	l

vs. Technology.

<u>PLOT</u> – sequence (or order) of events in a story (beginning, middle, end)

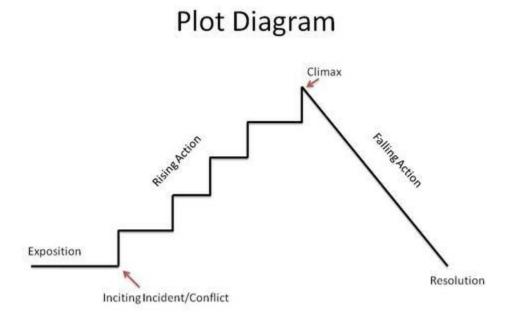
Exposition (also called the Introduction) – the beginning of the story; the situation before the action starts, where the characters and setting are revealed

Rising Action – events become more complicated and the author introduces the conflict

Climax – turning point; the most intense moment, either mentally or in terms of physical action

Falling Action – all action that follows the climax, during which time the situation begins to resolve itself or draw to a close

Resolution (also called the Conclusion or Denouement) – the final outcome



means by which an author reveals that personality
Indirect Characterization:
Direct Characterization:
Protagonist:
Antagonist:
<u>POINT OF VIEW</u> – angle or perspective from which the story is told
1st person:
2 nd person:
3 rd person:
<u>THEME</u> – author's message or moral of the story
What is the difference between a topic and a theme?
Provide an example of a theme:

 $\underline{\textbf{CHARACTERIZATION}} \text{ (Character Traits)} - \text{the personality a character displays as well as the}$

(v) (The main event between the protagonist and the antagonist or the moment for which the reader has been waiting.) **TURNING POINT** Title RISING ACTION (6) (The major events that lead to the turning point.) Plot Structure Diagram \odot Protagonist and Main Character(s) CHARACTERS* Period Name_ Date

turning points. Ask yourself, "What is the lesson the protagonist learned?" Reword #4 so that it can apply to (The major events that lead to the resolution.) Examine the conflict, resolution and (How was the conflict solved?) FALLING ACTION (7)Actively read the text. Fill out the Plot Structure Diagram RESOLUTION (follow the circled numbers) anyone who reads the story. How To Figure Out the Theme 4 (The lesson or message the author is trying to help us understand.) THEME Author Genre (What's the problem between the protagonist and the antagonist?) conflict*(3)*Characters, Setting, Conflict and Mood (how the story makes you feel) combine to create the EXPOSITION which helps SETTING* Antagonist Place Time

you "get into" the story, novel or movie from the very beginning.